

GENERAL REPORT

OF

THE ROYAL HOSPITALS

OF

BRIDEWELL AND BETHLEM

AND OF

KING EDWARD'S SCHOOLS,

(LONDON & WITLEY)

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER,

1884.

PRINTED FOR THE USE OF THE GOVERNORS.

BATTEN AND DAVIES, PRINTERS, CLAPHAM, S.W.

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BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL.

APPRENTICES committed to Bridewell Hospital by the Chamberlain of the City of London in 1884 :—

8 for 14 days.

In four of these cases a part of the period for which the committal had been made was remitted.

A. M. JEAFFRESON,

Clerk, Receiver, &c.

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL.

LIST OF OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

	£	s.	d.
1 Surveyor	125	0	0
*1 Clerk, Receiver and Accountant.. .. .	385	0	0
*†1 Beadle	88	0	0
2 Clerk's Assistants, at £110 and £80	190	0	0
	£788	0	0

* Lodged and furnished with coals, &c.

† The Beadle has a suit of clothes, and a hat, with twenty-one shillings every year for shoes, and a great coat every three years.

Cr.

JNO. BAGGALLAY, *Treasurer*
JOHN MILES,
EDWARD W. STANTON.
WALTER D. CRONIN.

KING EDWARD'S SCHOOLS.

CHAPLAIN'S REPORT, 1884.

To the Right Worshipful the PRESIDENT, the
Worshipful the TREASURER, and the
GOVERNORS of King Edward's Schools.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report to you on the state of your Schools. The past year has, on the whole, been so uneventful, that I have little more to do than to record the numbers admitted, discharged, and disposed of during the year 1884.

Between the 1st of January and the 31st December there were—

ADMITTED.				DISCHARGED.			
Boys	..	..	75	Boys	..	..	76
Girls	..	..	58	Girls	..	..	54
Total	..	..	133	Total	..	..	130

There were remaining in the two Schools at the end of the year 236 boys and 240 girls, making a total of 476 inmates, in addition to two male and three female Pupil Teachers. You have increased the number of inmates by twenty in each School, so that our normal aggregate number is now 480.

Our two present Pupil Teachers in the Boys' School have obtained Queen's Scholarships, high up in the second class at the Government examination, and will proceed to the Winchester Training College at the end of the present month. In my Report for the year 1881, I stated that in consequence of the supply of Elementary School Teachers being far in excess of the demand, I should hesitate in recommending the appointment of any more Pupil Teachers at the termination of the engagement of the present. Recent enquiries have confirmed the impression I then had; and the Treasurer has consented to engage the services of one additional Assistant Schoolmaster in the place of the two Pupil Teachers who are leaving us. I may mention that if the School were under the State Education Department, this addition to the teaching power in a School of our number would be required as a necessary condition for a Government Grant. It is also in accordance with the recommendation of the Government Inspector who examines the School annually. I am not at present prepared to advise a similar change in the Girls' School, though it may ultimately come to that. We have not up to the present time, sent any of the Female Pupil Teachers to a Training College; but appointments of some kind or another have been readily obtained for them at the expiration of their engagement.

The inmates discharged during the year, were disposed of as follows:—

BOYS.

To the Army	..	..	..	..	..	2
To Situations, Various	..	..	..	..	..	74
Died	..	..	..	..	..	2
						78

GIRLS.

To Situations as Domestic Servants	..	..	..	50
Appointed Pupil Teacher in School	..	..	..	1
Removed by their Friends	..	..	..	3
				54

It will be observed that we have lost two boys by death. Early in the year scarlet fever broke out in the Boys' School and we had over 30 cases. The services of skilled nurses were obtained, and the patients were attended daily by the local practitioner, Mr. PARSON of Godalming, with the advice of the Medical Officers of Bethlem Hospital. Nearly three months elapsed before the epidemic was stamped out, and notwithstanding all our care it was fatal in two instances. It was a period of great anxiety to me, and it emphasises the recommendation contained in my last Report for the provision of a separate sanatorium.

For the first time in my experience of twenty-nine years, not a single boy has entered the Royal Navy. One boy only volunteered, and he failed to pass the medical examination on board the Training ship. This is a cause of much regret to me; but whether it be owing to the influence of the parents or otherwise, there seems to be a growing reluctance to volunteer for this most excellent service. Many of those placed by me in the service in former years, are now Warrant and Petty Officers, and on a recent visit to the Training Ship I recognised in one of the Instructors of Gunnery, an old King Edward School boy. I have taken every means of making known the extraordinary advantages the Royal Navy affords to those who enter it as boys; but I cannot overcome the prejudices which seem to exist against it.

I present the Reports of the Government and Diocesan Inspectors.—

BOYS' SCHOOL.

“DIOCESAN REPORT FOR 5TH MARCH, 1884.

Knowledge of

		Old Testament.	New Testament.	Catechism.
Upper	.. ..	g.	g.	g.
Lower	.. ..	g.	v. f.	g.

Repetition of

		Scripture.	Hymns and Collects.	Catechism.
Upper	.. ..	g.	g.	g.
Lower	.. ..	g.	g.	g.

Writing from Memory.—Upper . Good.

GENERAL REPORT:—

“This School continues to exhibit the same good qualities upon which I have so often commented with strong approbation. Illness has caused some interruption this year, but still the work was very creditable.”

J. W. GEDGE,
Diocesan Inspector.”

GIRLS' SCHOOL.

“DIOCESAN REPORT FOR 20TH MAY, 1884.

		I. (Lowest).	II.	III.	IV.
Old Testament	.. ..	v. g.	v. g.	v. g.	v. g.
New Testament	.. ..	v. g.	v. g.	v. g.	v. g.
Catechism (comprehension)		—	—	g.	g.
Prayer Book	.. ..	—	—	g.	v. g.
Repetition	.. ..	v. g.	v. g.	v. g.	v. g.
Written Work	.. ..		very good indeed.		
Discipline and Tone	.. ..		Excellent.		

GENERAL REMARKS:—

I was greatly pleased with the examination in religious knowledge in this School. Brightness with intelligence were the chief features

combined with an interest in the work seldom met with, and this applies to both Teachers and Scholars.

I can without hesitation pronounce the results to be "*uniformly good throughout.*" Evidence of careful and conscientious teaching was displayed in each division, thus reflecting great credit upon Miss WILSON and her staff.

The tone and discipline were excellent. I feel sure that everything is done to make the children highly value their Religious Training.

The Bible subjects were thoroughly prepared, and the Prayer Book and Catechism sections had received attention. The Repetition consisting of Hymn singing, Text of Scripture, with longer portions &c., was "*Very Good.*"

The written work was most creditable.

THEODORE JOHNSON,

Diocesan Inspector for Rochester."

MR. HOLGATE'S REPORT FOR 1884.

" July 21st, 1884.

" SIR,

I have to report that I examined King Edward's Girls' School, St. George's Road, Southwark, on the 7th and 8th inst., and King Edward's Boys' School, Witley, on the 15th and 17th insts.

In the Girls' School the work is, in all the Standards, done with great neatness, and creditable accuracy; handwriting is clear and good; sums unusually good for girls; and with the exception of great timidity evinced by all the children in reading (which weak point should be strenuously dealt with), the whole examination was very satisfactory, and showed thorough conscientious teaching by all the staff.

The singing is very fair, but the Teacher would get better results if she led the girls from a raised desk, and gave them the time with a bâton.

Needlework and industrial pursuits are well carried out: I would suggest that on future occasions a class of girls of different ages be assembled in the needleroom to show their actual power in the

presence of the Inspector and the Governors. Religious Knowledge is good, and the tone and manner of the Girls are alike satisfactory.

In the Boys' School for the first time, handwriting and arithmetic were shewn by all standards on paper, and with satisfactory neatness: the accuracy in spelling and sums was perhaps not quite so good as in former years, but the school has been much kept back by a serious outbreak of fever.

Improved articulation, distinctness, purity of pronunciation, and expression are needed in reading: the boys sing sweetly and well, and should therefore be able to read better than they do. Religion is thoroughly well taught; the boys answered fairly well in *vivâ voce*, questions on Geography, History, and Mental Arithmetic. Military drill is solid, steady, and accurate, and the supernumerary rank move quickly, know their places, and speak out clearly. The brass band is well taught, and is greatly improved both in time and style.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

WYNDHAM HOLGATE,

H. M. Inspector.

The Treasurer, Bethlem and Bridewell Hospitals."

Our Pupil Teachers were again placed in the first class at the annual examination in Religious Knowledge for the Winchester Diocese, and had prizes awarded to them. EDWIN WEBB, who obtained the Bishop's prize last year, was again placed first in the examination list. But I waived his claim to the prize a second time, and he received honourable mention, and a prize of books of considerable value. I allowed eight boys to compete for prizes in Religious Knowledge with all the Schools in the Surrey portion of the Diocese. Five out of the eight obtained first classes with prizes. Much the same result followed the examination for

the Rochester Diocese, and four female Pupil Teachers obtained prizes.

The usual Governor's and other prizes were given after the annual examination by the Inspector in each School. One of our Governors, Mr. JOHN H. FOSTER, placed £8 at my disposal to be given as "Chaplain's prizes."

ERNEST TOBY and SUSAN ST. MARTIN obtained the "Sir JAMES TYLER's" prizes for Religious Knowledge, and the boys elected ERNEST RICHARDS as Truscott Medalist. It may be interesting to note as the result of Sir FRANCIS TRUSCOTT's gift, that with the exception of the first Medalist, of whom I have utterly lost sight, every "Truscott Medalist" has done remarkably well in his situation. The second, after serving three years as assistant shoemaker in our School, has recently obtained the appointment as master shoemaker in a public Institution.

Fifty boys were confirmed at Witley Church in the month of June by the Bishop of Winchester. There was no Confirmation at the Girls' School during the year, the Bishop of Rochester only visiting the School for that purpose in alternate years.

Two hundred and twenty-three rewards—seventeen more than in 1883, were given by the Committee to former inmates who had maintained good characters in their situations. 52 boys and 34 girls were rewarded for the first time; and 87 boys and 50 girls were rewarded partly for the second and partly for the third time.

I have to thank the Committee for facilitating my going abroad for the recovery of my health in the Autumn.

I should not be doing justice to my own feelings if I were not to allude to the serious loss which the Institution has sustained during the year by the death of our most kind friend and Governor Mr. JOSEPH JOHNSON MILES.

Mr. MILES was seldom absent from the meetings of the Sub-committee, and took a most lively interest in welfare and happiness of the children ; and we have had to thank him for many kind gifts of books and pictures. Only a short time before his lamented death, he had treated the whole of the Girls' School and Officers to a visit to the "Health Exhibition."

Entering as I do this month, on the 30th year of my office, I record with deep thankfulness the uniform kindness and support I have received from all the Governors, both past and present. So long as health and strength enable me to continue the work of the Schools, my interest in the welfare of the Institution with which I have been so long connected, will remain undiminished.

I have the honour to be,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

EDWARD RUDGE,

WITLEY, *January 17th*, 1885.

No. 1.

1884.

EXPENDITURE IN THE KING EDWARD'S SCHOOLS IN THE
YEARS 1883 AND 1884.

	1883.			1884.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Meat	1610	1	0	1797	0	4
Bread and Flour	1071	3	10	1060	8	6
Potatoes, Oatmeal, &c.	272	15	1	278	18	2
Milk	560	19	0	581	12	0
Cheesemongery, &c.	1132	0	5	1131	2	6
Tea and Groceries	484	17	0	473	1	0
Beer	167	10	6	131	17	6
Total Cost of Provisions.. ..	5299	6	10	5454	0	0
Clothing and Bedding	2088	16	5	2051	17	1
Soap, Oil, and Candles	261	16	3	290	14	7
Coals and Firewood.. .. .	413	15	0	752	2	0
Medicine	69	12	2	110	16	5
Washing	359	5	0	377	6	4
Furniture and Repairs	1036	8	0	787	11	9
Salaries of Officers, Wages of Servants, &c. ..	2712	19	3	2760	6	8
Rent and Taxes	522	14	6	599	11	9
Printing and Stationery	189	3	5	189	3	4
Repairs of Buildings	2589	15	4	1791	1	2
Casual Payments and Sundries	465	7	4	388	13	0
Outfit of Inmates and Gratuities	672	14	1	621	10	4
Superannuation Annuities	100	0	0	100	0	0
	£16781	13	7	16274	14	5

No. 2.
1884.

GENERAL RETURN, from October, 1830, to 31st December, 1884.

Years.	Average Daily Number.	In the House on the 1st January.			Admitted.			Outfitted & sent to Situa- tions.			Emigrated.			Expelled.			Absconded.			By request or concurren- ce of friends.			Ill, Preg- nant or Imbecile.			Died.			Total.			Rewarded for good con- duct and continuance in service.					
		M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.			
20 years ending Dec. 31, '58	176	..	..	..	1346	1056	2402	738	620	1358	..	9	9	56	68	124	124	5	129	260	203	463	54	47	101	7	7	14	1239	959	2198	338	143	481	197	41	238
1859 to 1864, inclusive	186	..	..	..	689	333	1022	555	271	826	..	..	..	..	4	4	15	3	18	109	37	146	16	12	28	2	2	4	697	329	1026	489	123	612	588	98	686
1865 to 1870, inclusive	195	..	..	..	344	270	614	233	225	458	2	..	2	3	..	3	4	..	4	74	23	97	7	3	10	1	..	1	324	251	575	235	111	346	534	104	638
1871 to 1875 inclusive	290	..	..	..	352	279	631	220	210	430	7	4	11	..	1	1	1	..	1	88	19	107	5	3	8	4	3	7	325	240	565	171	126	297	274	140	414
1876 to 1880 inclusive	334	..	..	..	376	283	659	253	229	482	1	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	64	11	75	6	2	8	1	..	1	325	244	569	172	160	332	293	175	468	
1881	406	197	198	395	62	79	141	53	52	105	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	5	9	..	..	..	1	1	2	59	58	117	64	25	89	69	39	108	
1882	425	200	219	419	85	62	147	68	58	126	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	..	1	..	..	..	1	69	61	130	47	40	87	73	34	107
1883	453	216	220	436	106	74	180	81	58	139	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	83	58	141	42	39	81	90	35	125
1884		239	226	475	75	58	133	76	54	130	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	78	54	132	52	34	86	87	50	137
		2277	1777	4054	3435	2494	5929	2277	1777	4054	11	15	26	59	73	132	144	8	152	601	300	901	88	68	156	19	13	32	3199	2254	5453	1610	801	2411	2205	716	2921

Total Discharges

the House, Dec 31, 1884

GEORGE H. HAYDON,
Steward &c.

No. 3.

1884.

ADMISSIONS.

Years.	Bridewell Hospital.			From Prisons or been in Prison			Hospitals.			Home.			Total.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
From 1830 to 1839 inclusive.	73	55	128	69	46	115	1	67	68	66	101	167	209	269	478
1840 to 1849 inclusive.	146	39	185	47	41	88	2	10	12	158	235	393	353	325	678
1850 to 1859 inclusive.	40	11	51	287	77	364	1	1	2	612	432	1044	940	521	1461
1860 to 1869 inclusive.	..	..	..	35	7	42	4	3	7	788	487	1275	827	497	1324
1870 to 1879 inclusive.	..	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	681	550	1231	684	550	1234
1880	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	101	59	160	101	59	160
1881	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	62	79	141	62	79	141
1882	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	85	62	147	85	62	147
1883	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	106	74	180	106	74	180
1884	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	75	58	133	75	58	133
	259	105	364	441	171	612	8	81	89	2734	2137	4871	3442	2494	5936

GEO. H. HAYDON,
Steward, &c.

No. 4.

1884.

STATE OF SCHOOL for the Year ending 31st December, 1884.

OCCUPATIONS OF INMATES (BOYS AND GIRLS).

MONITORS.		OCCUPATIONS.	M.	F.
M.	F.			
2	..	Tailors	48	..
5	..	Shoemakers	48	..
..	..	Engineers	6	..
..	..	Garden	16	..
5	..	Band	39	..
..	2	Needlework	..	53
..	2	Laundry and Washing	..	30
3	6	Household	37	94
..	1	Kitchen	12	8
..	..	Gate Keepers	2	1
1	1	Attending School only	28	54
16	12	TOTAL	236	240

ABILITY OF INMATES TO READ ON ENTRY.

								M.	F.					
Very Good Readers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11					
Good ditto	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	15					
Very Fair ditto	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29	53					
Fair ditto	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	75	65					
Indifferent ditto	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	93	75					
Read Monosyllables only	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27	21					
Knew Letters only	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..					
Did not know their Letters	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..					
TOTAL								..	..	..	..	..	236	240

DEGREES OF ACQUIREMENTS OF PRESENT INMATES, DECEMBER 31ST, 1884.

READING AND SPELLING.	WRITING.						ARITHMETIC.						CHURCH CATECHISM.		Learning English History.		Learning Geography.		Learning Singing for Church Service.										
	Good.		Fair.		Indifferent.		Learning.		Working Weights and Measures, Practice, Proportion, &c.		Working Compound Rules and Reduction.		Simple Rules.		Learning.		Perfect.		Learning.										
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.									
73	86	104	88	54	56	93	98	91	76	47	58	5	8	56	79	39	65	17	6	172	171	64	69	236	171	236	240	236	240

Average present Age of Inmates..	Males.		Females.	
	Years.	Months.	Years.	Months.
	13	7	14	0
Average Time of Stay in School..	Males.		Females.	
	Years.	Months.	Years.	Months.
	2	7	3	4

No. 5.

1884.

*Dr.*SHOEMAKER'S ACCOUNT.
WITLEY.

	£	s.	d.
Stock on hand Jan. 1st, 1884	265	15	6
Materials received during the year, and petty cash paid	258	17	7
Stock on hand Dec. 31st, 1884.....	£524	13	1
	£239	15	2
Shoemaker's Wages and Maintenance.....	78	0	0
Allowance for House-rent, Garden, &c.	15	0	0
Assistant Shoemaker's Wages and Clothing	16	0	0
Assistant Shoemaker's Maintenance, &c.....	25	0	0
Coals, Chandlery, Lights, and Sundries	8	0	0
Profit on the year	8	19	10
	£390	15	0

No. 6.

1884.

*Dr.*TAILOR'S ACCOUNT.
WITLEY.

Stock on hand Jan. 1st, 1884	143	15	5
Goods received during the year, and petty cash payments	163	1	2
Stock on hand Dec. 31st, 1884.....	£306	16	7
	£184	15	7
Tailor's Wages	79	16	0
Allowance for House-rent, Garden, &c.	15	0	0
Assistant Tailors' Wages	16	0	0
Assistant Tailors' Maintenance.....	25	0	0
Coals, Chandlery, Lights, and Incidental Expenses	8	0	0
Profit on the year	14	18	5
	£343	10	0

KING EDWARD'S SCHOOLS

23

No. 5.

1884.

Cr.

SHOEMAKER'S ACCOUNT.

WITLEY.

	£	s.	d.
Boots and Shoes supplied to Girls, King Edward's Schools, London, with repairs.....	38	0	0
Boots, Shoes and Slippers supplied to Boys, King Edward's School, Witley, with repairs	352	15	0

AMOUNT OF WORK DONE.

	Made.	Repaired.	
Boys' Boots and Shoes.....pairs	545	2488	
Girls' ditto	—	380	
Pairs of Strings	—	—	
Boys Slippers	16	—	
Hammock straps	60	—	
			<u>£390 15 0</u>

No. 6.

1884.

Cr.

TAILOR'S ACCOUNT.

WITLEY.

	£	s.	d.
Clothes supplied to Boys, K. E. S. W., with repairs	342	10	0
Suit of Uniform for B. C. H. W. Page Boy	1	0	0

WORK DONE DURING THE YEAR 1884.

	Made.	Repaired.	
Jackets	79	—	
Waistcoats	79	—	
Trousers	335	6368	
Blue Serges	—	—	
Canvas Jumpers	408	6053	
“ Trousers	2	—	
Rugs	—	484	
Blankets	—	234	
Pairs Braces	96	—	
Beds and Hammocks	—	546	
Boys' Caps	—	480	
Infirmary Caps and Coats	12	—	
Pupil Teachers and Bakers, Tailors, Shoemakers' Assistants—			
Overcoats	2	—	
Jackets	13	—	
Waistcoats	12	—	
Trousers	16	—	
Sundries—			
Canvas Jackets for Engineer..	2	—	
„ Trousers for „ ..	—	—	
Jackets for Stores	1	—	
Uniform for Boy B. C. H. W.	1	—	
Drill Master and Band Master—			
Overcoats	—	—	
Serge Jacket	2	—	
„ Trousers	2	—	
			<u>£343 10 0</u>

KING EDWARD'S SCHOOLS.

GIRLS' NEEDLEWORK.

No. 7.

1884.

FOR BOYS—NEW WORK, K. E. S. W.

			s.	d.		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
780	Cotton Shirts	..	..	making at	0 6 each	19	10	0			
160	Neckerchiefs	..	..	..	0 1 ..	0	13	4			
480	Flannel Shirts	..	..	..	0 6 ..	12	0	0			
FOR OUTFITS, K. E. S. L.										32	3 4

208	Gowns	..	..	making at	2 0 each	20	16	0			
624	Handkerchiefs and Collars	..	..	..	0 1 ..	2	12	0			
312	Stockings and Cuffs	..	..	..	0 1 ..	1	6	0			
520	Aprons	..	..	..	0 2 ..	4	6	8			
208	Petticoats	..	..	..	0 3 ..	2	12	0			
156	Chemises	..	..	..	0 4 ..	2	12	0			
312	Towels	..	..	..	0 0½ ..	0	13	0			
104	Bodices	..	..	..	0 4 ..	1	14	8			
104	Nightgowns	..	..	..	0 4 ..	1	14	8			
52	Bags	..	..	..	0 1 ..	0	4	4			
104	Pairs of Drawers	..	..	..	0 4 ..	1	14	8			

FOR INMATES—NEW WORK, K. E. S. L.

267	Gowns	..	..	making at	2 0 each	26	14	0			
1,081	Aprons	..	..	..	0 2 ..	9	0	2			
53	Caps	..	..	..	0 3 ..	0	13	3			
240	Handkerchiefs	..	..	..	0 1 ..	1	0	0			
444	Chemises	..	..	..	0 4 ..	7	8	0			
163	Nightgowns	..	..	..	0 4 ..	2	14	4			
489	Petticoats	..	..	..	0 3 ..	6	2	3			
388	Stockings, Run	..	..	..	0 1 ..	1	12	4			
388	Stockings, Marked	..	..	..	0 1 ..	1	12	4			
12	Quilts	..	..	..	0 1½ ..	0	1	6			
131	Sheets	..	..	..	0 1 ..	0	10	11			
62	Pillowcases	..	..	..	0 1 ..	0	5	8			
8	Tablecloths	..	..	..	0 1 ..	0	0	2			
38	Towels	..	..	..	0 0½ ..	0	1	7			
18	Dusters	..	..	..	0 0½ ..	0	0	9			
6	Bags	..	..	..	0 1 ..	0	0	6			
9	Bodices	..	..	..	0 4 ..	0	3	0			
18	Pudding Cloths	..	..	..	0 0½ ..	0	0	9			
240	Mittens, Marked	..	..	..	0 1 ..	1	0	0			

FOR INMATES—REPAIRS, K. E. S. L.

2,880	Gowns	..	..	making at	0 3 each	36	0	0			
3,375	Aprons	..	..	..	0 1 ..	14	1	3			
522	Caps	..	..	..	0 1 ..	2	3	6			
3,924	Chemises	..	..	..	0 1 ..	16	7	0			
2,699	Nightgowns	..	..	..	0 1½ ..	16	17	4½			
3,115	Petticoats	..	..	..	0 1½ ..	19	9	4½			
3,950	Stockings	..	..	..	0 1 ..	16	9	2			
1,508	Sheets	..	..	..	0 2 ..	12	11	4			
1,645	Pillowcases	..	..	..	0 1 ..	6	17	1			
329	Dusters	..	..	..	0 0½ ..	0	13	8½			
1,346	Mittens	..	..	..	0 1 ..	5	12	2			
203	Jackets	..	..	..	0 3 ..	2	10	9			
108	Blankets	..	..	..	0 2 ..	0	18	0			

SUMMARY.

New Work, K. E. S. W...	..	..	..	..	..	32	3	4			
Girls' Outfits, K. E. S. L.	..	..	..	..	..	40	6	0			
New Work, K. E. S. L. ..	..	..	..	..	..	59	1	6			
Repairs, K. E. S. L.	..	..	..	..	..	150	10	8½			

Cost of Materials, &c., Repair of Machines, Wages, &c. ..

282 1 6½
92 3 6½

Profit on the Year

£189 18 0

LONDON AND WITLEY.

No. 8.

1884.

SUMMARY OF PROFITS ON TRADES AND NEEDLEWORK.

	£	s.	d.
Profit on Girls' Needlework	189	18	0
Profit on Tailor's Work, Witley.. .. .	8	19	10
Profit on Shoemaker's Work, Witley	14	18	5
	<u>£213</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>3</u>

KING EDWARD'S SCHOOL, WITLEY.

No. 9.

1884.

FROM. H. M.	TO. H. M.	DAILY ROUTINE.	DURATION. H. M.
*6.0	6.30	Boys rise, Wash, be inspected, and marched to Shops, or other employment	30
6.30	8.0	Boys employed in Shops or other Employment	1.30
8.0	9.0	Prayers, Breakfast, and Recreation.. .. .	1.0
9.0	12.45	School, Shops, and other Employment. (School dismissed at 12 o'clock)	3.45
12.45	1.0	Preparation and Inspection for Dinner	15
1.0	2.0	Dinner and Recreation	1.0
2.0	5.45	School, Shops, and other Employment. (School dismissed at 4.30: and at 3.30 on Wednesdays)	3.45
5.45	6.0	Preparation and Inspection for Supper	15
6.0	7.45	Supper and Recreation (Night School Library open in Winter)	1.45
7.45	8.0	Prayers and Bed.. .. .	15
SUNDAY ROUTINE.			
7.0	8.0	Boys rise, Wash, and prepare for the proper spending of Sunday	1.0
8.0	10.0	Prayers, Breakfast, and Walking in Grounds	2.0
10.0	11.0	All Boys in School	1.0
11.0	1.0	Divine Service	2.0
1.0	6.0	Dinner and Walking in Grounds (Sunday School Library open)	5.0
6.0	7.0	Supper and Walking in Grounds	1.0
7.0	8.0	Divine Service and Bed	1.0

REGULATIONS.

1. The Boys are in two divisions, which attend the Shops, &c., and the Schools, on alternate days, receiving on an average $15\frac{1}{2}$ hours Instruction in School, and 24 hours Industrial Employment per week.

2. Half Holiday every Saturday, from 12 a.m., when boys are to bathe.

3. Choir practice, and Brass Band, on alternate days, from 12 to 12.45 p.m.

4. Drill for School Boys in summer from 5 to 5.45; and in winter from 12 to 12.45, when weather will permit.

The whole School to Drill twice-a-week during the summer months, after supper.

* Half-an-hour later in Winter Months.

No. 10.

1884.

LONDON.

DAILY ROUTINE.

Hours of Rising.

Six o'clock in the summer months, and not later than 7 o'clock in the winter months.

After private prayer in each dormitory, washing, dressing, &c.

On Week Days.

The girls selected for employment in the Laundry and Kitchen, and in Household Work, to be engaged in their particular occupations, and the rest in making beds, and sweeping and cleaning the dormitories and other apartments.

From 8 to 9 o'clock.—Prayers, breakfast, and recreation.

Girls selected for particular employments to be at their respective occupations from 9 to 1 o'clock, as the Matron shall direct; and on alternate days at School during the same hours.

From 1 to 2 o'clock.—Dinner and recreation.

Girls selected for particular employments to be at their respective occupations, and the rest at needlework, from 2 till 5 o'clock, and in occupation from 5 till 6 o'clock, as the Matron shall direct.

From 6 to 7 $\frac{3}{4}$ o'clock.—Supper and recreation.

From 7 $\frac{3}{4}$ to 8 o'clock.—Prayer.

8 o'clock.—Bed-time.

On Saturdays.

No school to be kept, either in the morning or afternoon. The girls on this day to be engaged in cleaning the establishment, assorting and distributing clean linen, using the bath, and in such other occupations as the Matron shall direct. The recreation of the inmates to be, when the weather will permit, in the airing grounds, and at other times in the day-rooms, which are to be provided with suitable books for amusement and instruction.

On Sundays.

Until 8 o'clock.—The inmates to be occupied in *making beds, changing linen, and delivering up all that is dirty*, and preparing for the proper spending of the day.

From 8 to 10 o'clock.—Breakfast, and walking in the airing grounds, when the weather will permit.

From 10 to 11 o'clock.—In school rooms, reading the Lessons for the day repeating Catechism, and answering questions on scriptural subjects.

From 11 to 1 o'clock.—In Chapel for Morning Service and Sermon.

1 o'clock.—Dinner.

From 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 o'clock.—In the day rooms, and airing courts.

3 o'clock.—Afternoon Service in Chapel and Sermon.

7 o'clock.—Supper.

8 o'clock.—Bed-time.

No. 11.

1884.

DIETARY TABLE—BOYS—WITLEY.

	BREAKFAST.			DINNER.										SUPPER.			
	Bread.	Butter.	* Porridge.	† Roast Mutton.	† Boiled Beef.	† Roast Beef.	Bread.	Vegetables.	Baked Plum Pudding.	Baked Batter Pudding.	Baked Rice Pudding.	‡ Soup.	Cheese.	Butter.	Bread.	Cheese.	Milk.
	oz.	oz.	pt.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	pt.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	pt.
Sunday	8	1	1	6	-	-	4	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1½	½
Monday ..	8	1	1	-	-	-	4	-	Wtr. 16	Smr. 8	-	-	1	-	8	1½	½
Tuesday ..	8	1	1	-	6	-	4	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1½	½
Wednesday	8	1	1	-	-	-	¶ 4	-	-	-	Smr. 8	Wtr. 1	-	Smr. 1	8	1½	½
Thursday ..	8	1	1	6	-	-	4	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1½	½
Friday	8	1	1	-	-	6	4	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1½	½
Saturday ..	8	1	1	-	-	-	4	-	Wtr. 16	Smr. 8	-	-	1	-	8	1½	½
	56	7	7	12	6	6	28	48	32	16	8	1	2	1	56	10½	3½

WEEKLY SUMMARY.

Summer ..	140	8	7	24	-	48	-	16	8	-	-	-	-	-	12½	3½
Winter	142	7	7	26	-	48	32	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	12½	3½

Males—Solid Food per head.. { Summer 256 oz. Weekly, or 36 oz. per day.
 Winter 267 oz. Weekly, or 38 oz. per day.

Christmas Eve—1 lb. Plum Cake to each Boy, and Tea.

Christmas Day—8 oz. Cooked Roast Beef, free from bone, 1 lb. Plum Pudding, and 2 Oranges each.

New Year's Day—8 oz. Cooked Roast Beef, free from bone, and a large Mince Pie each.

Annual Concert—1 lb. Plum Cake and Tea, 2 Oranges each.

The Sick are dieted at the discretion of the Medical Officer.

The Steward has liberty to vary the Diet occasionally by Fruit Pies, Fish, and Fruit, &c., when plentiful and good.

The above to be considered maximum allowances, and all quantities unconsumed are to be taken in diminution of the next supply from the Stores.

* *Porridge*—composed of 1¼ oz. oatmeal, ½ oz. sugar, and ½ pint of new milk.

† *Meat*—cooked and free from bone. Occasionally Australian tinned meat.

‡ *Soup*—Liquor from boiled meat, with the addition of not less than 14 lbs. of leg of beef or other good meat, with Scotch barley, rice, herbs, &c.

¶ Wednesday's Dinner, in winter, 6 oz. in lieu of 4 oz. of Bread.

For the Summer Months Porridge for Breakfast is discontinued, and cold Milk substituted, with Bread and Butter.

No. 12.

1884.

DIETARY TABLE—GIRLS—LONDON.

	BREAKFAST.					DINNER.							SUPPER.			
	Bread.	Butter.	Cocoa.	*Boiled Beef.	*Roast or B boiled Mutton.	Vegetables.	Plum or Batter Pudding.	Baked Rice Pudding.	Boiled Suet Pudding.	†Soup.	Cheese.	Bread.	Butter.	Bread.	Cheese.	Milk.
	oz.	oz.	pt.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	pt.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	pt.
Sunday	6	1	1	6	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	6	1½	½
Monday ..	6	1	1	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	1	4	-	6	1½	½
Tuesday ..	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	Smr. 7	-	Wtr 1	-	4	-	6	1½	½
Wednesday	6	1	1	-	6	12	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	6	1½	½
Thursday ..	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	1	4	-	6	1½	½
Friday	6	1	1	-	6	12	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	6	1½	½
Saturday ..	6	1	1	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	4	1	6	1½	½
	42	7	7	6	12	36	16	7	8	1	2	28	1	42	10½	3½

WEEKLY SUMMARY.

Summer ..	112	8	7	18	36	16	7	8	-	-	-	-	-	12½	3½
Winter	112	8	7	18	36	16	-	8	1	-	-	-	-	12½	3½

Females—Solid Food per head, 209 oz. weekly, or 30 oz. per day, nearly.
The Six Kitchen Girls have Tea and Bread and Butter daily at 4 o'clock.
Twenty Laundry Girls have Tea and Bread and Butter on Monday and Tuesday.
Thrc Mangling Girls have Tea daily.
Christmas Day—7 oz. cooked Roast Beef, and a large Mince Pie each.
New Year's Day—Plum Pudding, 1 lb., and 7 oz. cooked Roast Beef.
The Sick are dieted at the discretion of the Medical Officer.
The Steward has liberty to vary the Diet occasionally by Fruit Pies, Fish, and Fruit, &c., when plentiful and good.
The above to be considered maximum allowances, and all quantities unconsumed are to be taken in diminution of the next supply from the Stores.

* *Meat*—Cooked, and free from bone. Occasionally Australian tinmed meat.
† *Soup*—Liquor from boiled meat, with meat added, and Scotch barley, rice, herbs &c

No. 13.

1884.

LIST OF OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

KING EDWARD'S SCHOOLS,
WITLEY.

		£	s.	d.
1	Chaplain and Superintendent (with residence partly furnished)	600	0	0
* 1	Steward	100	0	0
* 1	Storekeeper (furnished residence)	140	0	0
* 1	Schoolmaster (ditto)	200	0	0
† 1	Assistant Schoolmaster	50	0	0
† 1	2nd Assistant Schoolmaster	30	0	0
† 1	Cook and Baker	35	0	0
† 1	Assistant Baker (and Suit)	8	0	0
†† 1	Drill Serjeant and Gate Porter 30s. per week	78	0	0
† 1	Assist. Drill Serjeant and Bandmaster, 27s. per week	70	0	0
† 1	Engineer (occasionally at B.C.H.W.) .. 35s. „	91	0	0
† 1	Shoemaker 30s. „	78	0	0
† 1	Assistant Shoemaker (and Suit)	8	0	0
† 1	Tailor 30s. per week	78	0	0
† 1	Assistant Tailor (and Suit)	8	0	0
† 1	Industrial Trainer (and Suit)	5	0	0
1	Gardener (30s. per week and house—half to B.C.H.W.)	39	0	0
|| 3	Labourers (one part time stoking, &c., and overtime) 4d. per hour	176	0	0
		<u>£1792</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

KING EDWARD'S SCHOOLS.
LONDON.

		£	s.	d.
|| 1	Assistant Chaplain	150	0	0
|| 1	Clerk	40	0	0
|| 1	Steward's Clerk	75	0	0
† 1	Storekeeper	140	0	0
† 1	Matron	190	0	0
|| 1	Organist	20	0	0
† 1	Schoolmistress	80	0	0
1	Music Instructress	16	0	0
† 1	Sewing Mistress	30	0	0
† 1	Assistant Sewing Mistress	16	0	0
† 1	Cook	28	0	0
† 1	Laundress	30	0	0
† 1	Assistant ditto	20	0	0
† 1	Industrial Trainer	26	0	0
† 1	Assistant Industrial Trainer	16	0	0
† 1	Gate Portress	12	10	0
		<u>£889</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

* Furnished Apartments.

|| Neither boarded nor lodged.

† Lodged only and limited supply of coals and light.

† Boarded and lodged.

†† The Drill Serjeant is allowed an undress suit, which becomes his own property *after every completed year's service, from date of engagement*; also a uniform suit when required.

BETHLEM ROYAL HOSPITAL.

REPORT.

To the Right Worshipful the PRESIDENT, the
Worshipful the TREASURER, and the
GOVERNORS of the Royal Hospital of
Bethlem.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I have to present to you my Report for the year 1884,
accompanied by the usual Tables.

SHOWING THE ADMISSIONS, RE-ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES,
AND DEATHS DURING THE YEAR ENDING
31st DECEMBER, 1884.

	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
In the Asylum January 1st, 1884	—	—	—	136	160	296
Cases admitted—						
First admissions	125	119	244	—	—	—
Not first.. .. .	13	31	44	—	—	—
Total Cases admitted during the year ..	—	—	—	138	150	288
Total Cases under care during the year ..	—	—	—	274	310	584
Cases discharged—						
Recovered	84	106	190			
Relieved.. .. .	10	12	22			
Not Improved	38	50	88			
Died	22	8	30			
Total cases discharged and died during year				154	176	330
On leave.. .. .				2	5	7
Remaining in the Asylum 31st Dec., 1884				123	139	262
Persons* under care during the year † ..				270	310	580
Persons admitted				134	150	284
Persons recovered.. .. .				83	102	185
‡ Transferred to this Asylum				11	5	16
Transferred from this Asylum				12	12	24

* Persons, *i.e.*, separate persons in contra distinction to “cases” which may include the same individual more than once.

† Total cases, minus re-admissions of Patients, discharged during the current year.

‡ Patients transferred from one Asylum, &c., to another, even when re-certified are to be regarded as transfers.

SUMMARY OF PAYING PATIENTS, 1884.

In Hospital January 1st, 1884	27
Placed on Paying Patients' List in 1884, including	
2 Voluntary Boarders	53
Discharged recovered, including 1 Voluntary Boarder	18
Discharged uncured	11
Died	7
Transferred to free list	3
	—
In Hospital 31st December, 1884	39
	41

The past year has fortunately not been eventful, the work of the Hospital and its dependence at Witley has been carried on satisfactorily to the Medical Staff, and my Report is on the whole encouraging.

From the first Table it will be seen that fewer patients have been admitted than during last year, but that the actual number as well as the per centage of cures has been greater.

That the numbers are smaller is explained by the fact that the Treasurer and Committee, having regard to the decreasing income of the Hospital were specially careful in their examination of the cases presenting themselves for admission. The Table of professions and callings of the patients shows the class of patients selected. It is extremely hard to draw the line between cases which come up to the social standard and those which do not—thus, for example: a parent an artisan and ineligible, may have a son or daughter who has risen to a position of trust, and may be quite fit for the surroundings of the Hospital, other persons may, through misfortunes, have fallen from their proper stations into a lower grade, and yet be eligible; the Committee endeavour to reward the deserving of the lower classes by admitting old

and confidential servants who, but for their moral qualities, would not be accepted. I have often had to insist on the importance of the class distinctions in Asylums, it is injurious to put domestic servants in the same ward with governesses and cultured ladies, the servants are not comfortable, and the ladies feel a loss of self-respect and often will not help themselves by doing ordinary ward work lest they too should be considered as servants.

Asylum treatment is so eminently social that matters of this kind cannot be neglected.

The first point to note is that in 1884, 134 men were admitted, against 153 admitted during 1883; but in 1884, 82 men were discharged cured, that is, 61 per cent. on the admissions, against 52, or 30 per cent. last year, and on the other side 145 women were admitted in 1884, and 176 in 1883; in the former year 81 were cured, a little over 50 per cent., and in the latter, 98, or 67 per cent.

The death-rate was rather higher this year than last, in proportion to the number, there being 20 deaths among the men, and eight among the women; 14·9 and 5·5 per cent. respectively on the admissions. The death-rate is greatly increased by the admission of so many paying cases suffering from General Paralysis of the Insane; this year, 12 of the 20 deaths in the men were due to this disease, and seven deaths occurred among the paying patients.

Exhaustion, associated with melancholic symptoms, accounts for six men and two women, and I am convinced some of

these former belong to the group of cases of progressive nervous degeneration, and are not far removed from General Paralysis; one patient died soon after admission, from Insanity following child-birth, and my surprise is that so few succumbed to this disease, considering the number admitted, and the exhausted condition in which they were. I shall refer to these cases later. This year, again, the newly suggested Statistical Tables are given, Dr. Wood having completed them in a very satisfactory manner. From these the absolute number of individuals can be seen, and at a glance the recurrences and relapses made evident.

From Table 1A it may be seen that 24 of the admissions had one previous attack, that ten had had two and five four or more, that in fact 29, or close on 10 per cent., were re-admissions; this percentage corresponds with the past experience of this Hospital.

This is, to my mind, fairly satisfactory, and though it points to the nervous instability which is so common in those who have once suffered from insanity, yet it must be understood that very many do recover and remain permanently well. One of the advantages of a comparatively small Asylum of the nature of Bethlehem is that a personal interest is felt in the cases, who in most instances on recovery look to the Hospital as to a friend, and return for advice, or in many cases to contribute by small presents to the comfort of present patients. The galleries now contain many pleasing souvenirs of cured patients. Weekly we have visits from old patients, and are thus able to verify perfect recovery on the one hand, or to warn in case of threatening relapses on the other. I

am more than ever in favour of extending the use of the free or voluntary boarders' clause of the Lunacy Act, which seems to me, if properly used, a very great boon. During the past year there have been boarders, both on the male and female side, and there have been among the former paying as well as free patients.

By means of the liberty of admitting patients without certificate who have been formerly in Asylums, I have been able to receive old patients who have at the end of a few weeks been quite restored, and able to resume their places in the world. I have in one such case allowed the patient to go at once to Witley, and in a second to go there in about a week after admission, the quiet and freshness of the Surrey hills restoring the nervous balance very rapidly.

Without calling myself a believer in the much vaunted open door system, I give as much liberty to patients as I can, and trust the time is approaching when more and more persons will be allowed to place themselves in Hospitals or Asylums without incurring any evil, but reaping good. If Superintendents are afraid to run some risk and responsibility in granting leaves of absence, one cannot wonder at friends being still more nervous, and thus not infrequently upsetting the good done by the residence away from home. Risk has to be run and it is only after long and often painful experience that a Physician learns whom to trust and how much, and even with the best experience one may be mistaken.

During the past year hundreds of patients have been on short or long leave and a fair number have been allowed

to go out alone on parole, one only broke his word and instead of returning enlisted, he remained a short time in the army and was then bought out by his friends. The present unsatisfactory state of the Lunacy Laws or rather the unsatisfactory result of foolish, misguided public opinion on the Lunacy Law was well shown by two cases during the last year. In one case the friends removed the patient who was temporarily sane, against my direct advice, they seemed to think he was being kept unduly in the Hospital, he became worse and after a re-developement of his old dangerous homicidal symptoms, endeavours were made to obtain fresh certificates, but the dread of prosecutions and Lunacy vexations prevented the certificates being signed and the patient killed himself. In a second case the wife insisted, in spite of warning, in taking out her husband during a sane interval and the result in this case was that she was murdered by him during the succeeding outbreak of violence.

Instead of patients being unduly retained, I believe many are unduly discharged through the want of confidence of the friends of patients in the Superintendent. Slowly and steadily I have extended the liberty of patients and it appears to me satisfactory that during Christmas week about 40 patients were on leave without any evil resulting in any case and in many the short leave was extended till the patients were discharged altogether. I have granted leave to patients who have during the leave started afresh at work, so that I was able to watch the effect, not only of freedom but of the return to work and advise as to the fitness of the patient to pursue his former calling. The Convalescent

Establishment has been kept open during the greater part of the year with the exception of the time required for painting the outside of the building and for Christmas week. The summer painting necessarily controlled the number that could be received, hence the total visitors to Witley are smaller this year than last, still the whole being 181, is satisfactory. I had to bring back three men who proved unfit for the liberty granted at the Convalescent Home, and this was not to be wondered at considering the larger number of men sent during the past two years compared with former years. In fact the experiment was tried of sending patients into the country to complete their cure and not merely to convalesce. This from experience is found to work satisfactorily with the women, but the men are not to be trusted with liberty so readily as are the women. There is no doubt that some patients are best treated in the country where there are large grounds and out of door work and amusements, but that it is at all desirable that Bethlem should be in the country instead of in London is more than doubtful, the patients who come to us are able as soon as they are well enough to see friends and go with them to their homes, to places of amusement and the like and are thus definitely tried before their return to their old surroundings. Country air alone will not cure acute insanity, nor will hard gardening or farming work do much good to the Clerk or Tradesman who is unused to mechanical labour and who look down upon it as degrading. During the year several changes have been made in Bethlem itself and the result of former changes can now be reported on. The result of separating the more violent patients on the male side into two groups in two sub-divisions of one ward has proved very useful and I have thus been able to separate

the most violent maniacal cases from the more dirty and thus to reduce the chances of injury to the more feeble but troublesome general paralytics, from those suffering from mania. On the Male side I have now over 20 beds in number 4 ward so arranged that the doors of the bedrooms being open all night the nightwatchman is able to observe the patients as he patrols the gallery. At present this part of the gallery has not been constantly used because the acute cases require warmth as much as observation and the part of the gallery used for constant watching has no good warming apparatus. On both sides of the Hospital I consider it of the utmost importance that something should be done in the way of warming the ends of the galleries. The addition to the Night Attendance has been beneficial and I feel much greater security both for patients and attendants now that two always visit together. Patients can be more thoroughly attended, "changed," and fed, during the night by two than by one and struggles are now unknown.

We still want a Central Recreation Hall and I shall not think the Hospital complete till this is obtained. It would be useful for the more frequent re-union of the patients and would tend to keep the attendants more at home of an evening. We have had a regular supply of amusements during the year.

During the summer patients went in parties of about twelve for drives and this I found most useful for those who were too insane to be allowed to go out for walks in the streets, very many patients went for drives who belonged to the refractory wards. One managed to escape, but the idea only

came into his head when he found the drag stopping near his mother's home, no harm resulted and he returned within a few days. Theatres, Concerts, Lectures and other indoor and outdoor amusements were enjoyed. At Bethlem during the autumn and winter dances or entertainments took place weekly. This year we have had more paid performers than formerly and have found this on the whole to give more pleasure, to cause less trouble and cost less money.

The past year will be noted by the fact that Lunacy agitation has been general, and as a result, vexatious prosecutions by former patients have been threatened not only private but public institutions.

Bethlem has not escaped and before this report reaches the Governors the result of an action by HASKER *versus* the Medical Officers of Bethlem will have been decided. Certain other patients have written threatening letters but have gone no further. All Superintendents are used to discontent in patients, in some it is merely a stage on the way to recovery, in others it is the sign of chronic mental derangement a phase of moral perversion.

From the latter cases troubles will constantly arise and no one is safe from the perverse moral malignity of uncured cases or of those whose mental disturbance was due to intemperance. One inquest was held during the year 1884, and a verdict of "natural causes" was found, and I am glad to have to record the fact that no accidental death occurred.

One patient who had been 41 years on the Incurable Fund died and this fund will certainly be further reduced during

the coming years more rapidly as many patients of great age still remain and no fresh ones are being added in consequence of the decrease in rent received. I trust this will not continue long for the Incurable Fund is especially useful for cases where particular hardship would be felt in the necessity of a County Asylum.

I purpose here referring to a few details of the admissions during the past year, though I feel it would be much more satisfactory if at some future time a special Medical Report could be prepared and sent out; a Report which would be of use to the Medical profession as well as to Superintendents of other Asylums. In all 30 patients suffering from General Paralysis of the insane were admitted, most of these being either paying patients or only admitted because from the early stage of the disease, the diagnosis was doubtful. In the latter case as a rule three months observation confirmed the opinion first formed.

Little or no advance has been made in the treatment of this fatal disease, though rest in an Asylum has the most useful effect in producing quiet and temporary arrest of the disease. Several patients have been discharged sufficiently well to spend the rest of their lives among their friends, the excitement having given place to childishness.

Among the women 23 have been admitted suffering from Puerperial insanity. Two were pregnant and in four the insanity followed suckling. One puerperal case died and several are under observation, but about twenty per cent. recover, the per centage being pretty uniform from year to year.

Another class deserves notice not only from the number belonging to it which are yearly received but because through a *priori* one would have not expected satisfactory results, yet many cures are effected, I refer to cases as a rule suffering from melancholia, whose symptoms have come on after they have reached 60 years. The rest of the Asylum enables such patients to re-collect their forces and though they may not be fit for their former occupations they are quite fit for home and some work.

Change from other Asylums has resulted in cure in some cases and certainly many cases which we have had to discharge uncured have improved in other Asylums. I am convinced change is of great service in young and middle aged cases after a year or less of treatment. In one case a barrister had been several years in another Asylum, he was admitted to the paying establishment and rapidly improved, as the result of meeting each of his delusions by the contradicting evidence and was discharged recovered. Many cases associated with change of life were admitted and many of these were discharged uncured at the end of a year, not that they are incurable but that they require more time and more change. I should like to see most of these cases in cottage treatment in the country.

Changes have taken place on both sides of the Hospital among the attendants and I still have to report a want of really earnest, active, and trustworthy men as applicants for vacancies on the Male side, men of all sorts apply and those with good characters from other occupations often find themselves unsuited for the work of the wards while others are found by me untrustworthy.

The Head Attendant, Mr. DAVIES, has by twelve months' zealous performance of his duties confirmed the judgment formed of him on his election, and I can report his conduct as in every way satisfactory.

On the female side resignation for marriage have caused vacancies which were easily filled. Mrs. EVANS who for many years has acted as Deputy Matron at the Convalescent Establishment, retired on a pension and has been succeeded by Miss MARONEY, who for twelve years has been connected with Bethlem.

No special changes have been made in the dietary, though the service of meals is improved.

Before closing my Report I must in the name of all connected with Bethlem Hospital express the most sincere grief which has been felt by the loss of J. J. MILES, Esq., who for so many years has not only been a Governor of the Hospital but as a member of the Sub-Committee was most constant in his attendance at the Hospital. I cannot express the feeling which possessed all in regard to Mr. MILES. I can only say, as Superintendent, that hundreds of kind deeds were done by him to patients and officers which he, last of all men, would have mentioned. Sufficient to say he was the kind and just friend to one and all and left as one of his last living acts, souvenirs in the hands of Mr. HAYDON, with whom he said "he had worked so happily for so many years," for those for whom he had so long and kindly worked.

My colleagues generally have assisted me willingly and

loyally in my work and by their aid the Hospital has I trust in no way departed from its path of progress.

Dr. W. R. Wood has decided to resign his appointment as Assistant Medical Officer for the purpose of going to Queensland and he will carry with him the best wishes of all in Bethlem, his kindness and consideration for all and especially for those who were ill and in distress will ever be remembered and will doubtless prove the basis of a success such as he merits in his new home.

To the Rev. Mr. VAUGHAN and to Mr. HAYDON I tender thanks for most valuable aid.

Once more I must thank the Treasurer and Committee for their uniform kindness and consideration, which makes work for and with them a pleasure as well as a duty.

The Treasurer by his personal interest in Bethlem has been of the greatest service in making my official duties easy.

I have the honour to be,

My Lords and Gentleman,

Your obedient Servant,

GEO. H. SAVAGE,

Medical Superintendent.

REPORTS OF THE COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL,

31st January, 1884.

This Royal Hospital is still foremost in charitable relief of the insane. The incurable list is now however we believe closed. There are about 30 vacant beds on the male side but the female division is practically full. On the books there are of the incurable class 20 male and 28 female patients. The cases curable or received for payment are 254, that is to say 115 men, 139 women. Those received for payment are 29 gentlemen, among them are several paralytics. The charges are £2 2s. for each gentleman received for payment. Besides the patients there are two boarders, one of each sex. The gentleman boarder told us that he wished to leave, we think that he is insane and that he should be made a patient. At Witley (the Convalescent Home of this Hospital), are, Dr. SAVAGE tells us, eight of his male, 11 of his female patients. All the other patients upon the books of this Hospital, and not away on leave we have seen and with many we have conversed. We as usual listened to all complaints these were very few indeed and they were as far as we could ascertain utterly groundless. The records inform us of 190 admissions, 144 discharges and 28 deaths since our colleagues' visit last July. More than half of those discharged had previously recovered. One suicide is the only grave casualty which has occurred. It was the subject of correspondence between our board and the hospital. We think that the window fastening which facilitated that suicide should

certainly be altered and without further delay. We saw the same kind of latch in several dormitories here to-day. There has been no change in the Medical staff. Drs. SAVAGE and WOOD and two clinical students are on duty. There are many acute cases but the general behaviour of the patients was, during our inspection, quiet and orderly. The weather being wet they were all in doors. There is no vacancy among the attendants who appear to be of a very respectable class. There is a new head attendant on the male side, his predecessor having fallen ill after long service in the Hospital. Male No. 1 has lately been converted into two wards, known now as 1 A and 1 B. In 1 A are 14 patients with three attendants. In 1 B are 24 patients with four attendants. We think that on Sundays as on all other days three attendants should always be present in No. 1 A. An opposite practice however prevails. The wards for each sex are well ventilated and as cheerful and comfortable as the structure of the Hospital will permit, but No. 4 Male ward urgently requires repainting and repapering. We could wish that in some directions there was more light in the wards, but we are told that architects have declared that the admission of more light is impracticable. The shower baths should all be kept locked and they would be better for the admission of more light. The bath casing in No. 3 female ward is not dirty but it looks dirty, and would be much improved by scraping and perhaps by being varnished instead of being repainted. In several galleries we noticed new and tasteful furniture some of which was the work of patients, and some had been purchased with monies sent by grateful patients for that purpose after their discharge. The clothing of both sexes we thought was satisfactory, the more destructive

cases are, it seems, supplied by the Hospital with suitable dresses. No patient was in seclusion at the time of our visit except a gentleman in 1 A, and he was only restrained by closed sleeves. No one of either sex was in seclusion. According to the medical records restraint has been limited to two patients, a male and a female, the former for three nights on account of violence, the latter to prevent self-destruction also for a short period. The men secluded have been six for an aggregate of 60 hours, the women so treated have been three for 28 hours. Under medical treatment are last registered 15 males and 12 females. Three women were the only persons in bed while we inspected the Wards. Epileptics are excluded from this Hospital; but among the patients are many actively suicidal. For these it appears to us that there certainly should be continuous supervision by night as well as by day. Throughout England and Wales observation dormitories have been provided in Asylums for such and for other cases needing like supervision with the most satisfactory results. It may be difficult, though it is not impossible to provide such precautions against suicide in this Hospital; and we venture to think that the matter should again be brought under consideration of the governors, and until by alteration or new buildings, such dormitories are supplied we must continue to think that they should be. Something in this direction might be done (though it might not be a perfect provision) by conversion to such purposes of the present dance and billiard rooms, at all events till better provision could be made. Another mode of continuous night suspension of the suicidally disposed suggests itself to us in view of the structural difficulties here presented to any alteration of the existing buildings. The

actively suicidal in each division might be placed at night in adjoining single rooms, these should be sufficiently lighted from the corridors, slits for observation being made in the doors, and apertures over the doors for the transmission of sound, all means of self-destruction should of course be removed from the rooms, and an Attendant should continuously pace the corridor, recording his beat and only entering a room when and if necessity arose. At Broadmoor Asylum it is found possible for a patrol in this way to watch very closely and without detrimental interference, patients sleeping in single rooms. The ordinary night staff now consists in the male division of one man only, about to be assisted however by another who is to accompany him in his rounds. This assistance is we think absolutely necessary for feeding and general security. In the female department there are at night two nurses on duty and a third is we understand about to be employed, one of these nurses is up for the first half of the night, the other for the second half, the third nurse alone has no day duty. She works through the night going with each of the others on her round. The general rule of night visitation is once every hour, but certain cases on a list are visited every half-hour, and for extraordinary cases special provision is made, but as our Board have already been informed, there is no continuous night supervision of every case known to be actively suicidal. The admission of paying patients here has it seems increased the necessity for infirmary accommodation. To meet the necessity, Dr. SAVAGE proposes to occupy space hitherto but little used in numbers two and three on the male side. These infirmaries will probably entail some increase in the number of attendants. In this direction Dr. SAVAGE has wisely encouraged several patients to assist in the work of decoration. About the

usual number of patients is usefully employed. We are glad to hear that a new and large recreation room is about to be erected, possibly by raising the walls of the laundry in which case a new laundry is to be built beyond the kitchen at the rear of the Hospital. It seems that the finances of the Hospital are not in a state at present to meet considerable outlay in any direction. The theatrical and other entertainments subsequently given in this Hospital are, we think, much appreciated by many of the patients, and we have no doubt contribute to the recovery of many.

CHARLES PALMER PHILLIPS,	} <i>Commissioners</i>
REGINALD SOUTHEY,		in Lunacy.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL,

September 10th, 1884.

Since our colleagues were here in the beginning of this year, 93 males and 99 females have been admitted ; 86 males and 116 females have been discharged ; 66 of the former and 67 of the latter having recovered ; 13 males and five females have died. There are on the books to-day, the names of 273 patients, 129 on the male and 144 on the female side. Three men and two women were away on leave, and seven men and 18 women were absent at the Witley Convalescent Branch of this Hospital, where we hope shortly to see them. All the rest of the patients were seen by us during our visit. No one was noisy or offensive. Complaints were few and confined to alleged undue detention. We paid special attention to every case admitted since the last visit, and satisfied ourselves that all who were detained, were rightly so treated. Some of the patients who are improving will be found recorded in the patients book. The domestics were in good order. The dinner we saw served was good and ample.

The only improvement to be noticed since the last visit, is that the suicidal patients are now at night under the constant charge of a special Attendant, in either division, who has no other duty but the care of these patients.

The patients health appears satisfactory, six men and one woman were seen by us in bed, the woman was also

rightly in seclusion. She was the only patient so treated at the time of our visit. Seclusion and restraint have both been found necessary at various times, restraint only for medical or surgical reasons, and seclusion for the same reasons, or for extreme violence. Under medical treatment last week we find 24 names recorded, 14 males and 10 females. Dr. SAVAGE was absent on his annual holiday, but we received all the information we required from Dr. WOOD, who is assisted by two Clinical Students in the discharge of his duties. We have ascertained what arrangements are in force for the recreation, attendance at divine service, occupations, &c., of the patients, and having made the Statutory enquiries have nothing special to report.

W. E. FRERE,	}	<i>Commissioners in Lunacy.</i>
REGINALD SOUTHEY,		

BETHLEM CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL,
WITLEY,*September 11th, 1884.*

We have seen all the ladies who are residing here and all expressed their satisfaction at their present abode and the kindness and care they receive. The ladies are 18 in number, and the gentlemen are seven, but we only saw two of the latter, the rest being out walking. The rooms were in proper order and the grounds bright and gay. It is perhaps hardly necessary to say that no one had any complaint to bring to our notice. There are four nurses and two male attendants on duty here. The general arrangements here appear to us to be satisfactory, and we are sure that great benefits is derived by the patients at this useful branch of the Bethlem Royal Hospital.

W. E. FRERE,	}	<i>Commissioners in Lunacy.</i>
REGINALD SOUTHEY,		

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No. 1.

SHOWING THE ADMISSIONS, RE-ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES AND DEATHS
during the year ending 31st December, 1884.

	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
In the Asylum, Jan. 1st. 1884	..	..	..	126	160	296
Cases admitted—						
First admissions	123	123	246	..	..	..
Not first admissions	15	27	42	..	..	..
Total Cases admitted during the year.. ..	..	..	..	138	150	288
Total Cases under care during the year.. ..	..	..	..	274	310	584
Cases discharged—						
Recovered	84	106	190			
Relieved.. ..	10	12	22			
Not improved	38	50	88			
Died.. ..	22	8	30			
Total Cases discharged and died during the year	..	..	..	154	176	330
On Leave.. ..	..	..	..	2	5	7
Remaining in the Asylum 31st December, 1884	..	..	..	122	139	261
Average number resident during the year	..	..	..	136	148	284
*Persons under care during the year†	..	..	..	270	310	580
Persons admitted do.	..	..	..	134	150	284
Persons recovered do.	..	..	..	83	102	185
Transferred to this Asylum ..	..	..	..	11	5	16
Transferred from this Asylum	..	..	..	12	12	24

* Persons, *i.e.*, separate persons, in contradistinction to "cases" which may include the same individual more than once.

† Total cases, minus re-admissions of Patients discharged during the current year.

No. 1A.

SHOWING (1) THE PREVIOUS ATTACKS AMONG PERSONS ADMITTED during the
year 1884; and (2) the number of times they had previously recovered
in this or any Asylum.

(1) Number of previous attacks.	Persons.			(2). Number of times Patients Recovered.	In this Asylum.			In any Asylum.		
	M.	F.	T.		M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Have had 1 attack ...	114	135	249	Once	15	12	27	10	8	18
„ 2 „ ...	14	10	24	Twice	1	2	3	1	2	3
„ 3 „ ...	6	4	10	3 times	—	—	—	1	—	1
„ 4 „ ...	—	—	—	4 „	—	1	1	—	—	—
or more ... }	4	1	5	5 „	—	—	—	—	—	—
				6 „	—	—	—	—	—	—

No. 2.

SHOWING THE ADMISSIONS, RE-ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES AND DEATHS during the
21 Years from 1st January, 1864, to 31st December, 1884.

	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
In the Asylum, Jan. 1st, 1864	..	..	..	93	119	212
Persons admitted during the period of 21 years	1880	2559	4439			
Re-admissions	175	319	494			
Total cases admitted	..	..	..	2055	2878	4933
Total cases under care during the 21 years	..	..	..	2148	2997	5145
Discharged cases—						
Recovered	878	1648	2526			
Relieved (1878-84 only)	50	73	123			
Not improved.. .. .	823	938	1761			
Died	277	204	481			
Total cases discharged and died since the opening of the Asylum	..	..	..	2028	2863	4891
On Leave	..	..	..	2	5	7
Remaining 31st Dec., 1884 .	..	..	..	122	139	261
Average number resident during the 21 years ..	..	..	..	107	147	254
Transferred to this Asylum	..	..	..	166	177	343
Transferred from this Asylum†	..	..	..	—	—	—

† This information is not available.

No. 2A.

SHOWING THE ADMISSIONS AND RECOVERIES OF PERSONS* from January 1st, 1864,
to 31st December, 1884.

HISTORY OF RECOVERIES OF PERSONS.				The same, only omitting all Persons Transferred from other Asylums. &c.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Persons admitted during the 21 years	1880	2559	4439	1714	2382	4096
Of whom were discharged re- covered during the same period, being 49.3 per cent. of persons admitted.	763	1426	2189	718	1351	2069
Of whom were re-admitted re- lapsed†	175	319	494	175	317	492
Leaving recovered persons who have not relapsed.. .. .	588	1107	1695	543	1034	1577
Relapsed persons discharged recovered‡	80	155	235	80	154	234
Net || recovered persons, being 43.5 per ct. of persons admitted	668	1262	1930	623	1188	1811

* Persons, *i.e.*, separate persons, in contradistinction to *cases* which may include the same individual more than once.

Re-admission applies only to re-admission into this Asylum.

† *i.e.*, Persons who have relapsed one or more times.

‡ *i.e.*, After last re-admission, if relapsed one or more times.

|| *i.e.*, Recovered persons sane at the present time, so far as the Asylum statistics show.

SHOWING THE HISTORY OF THE ADMISSIONS SINCE THE YEAR 1820, WITH THE DISCHARGES AND DEATHS,
and the numbers of each year remaining on the 31st December of the year reported on.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

Admitted.				Of Each Year's Admissions Discharged and Died in 1884.						Total Discharged and Died of Each Year's Admissions to 31st December, 1884.						Remaining of each year's Admissions 31st Dec., 1884							
Year.	New Cases		Re-lapsed Cases.	Recovered		Relieved.		Not Im-proved.		Died.		Recovered.		Relieved.		Not Improved.		Died		M.	F.	T.	
	M.	F.		M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.					
1820-63	3402*	5586*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1959	3299	5258	-	-	1113	1910	3023†	320	685	22	
1864	65	94	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	69	109	-	-	27	32	59	6	14	2	
1865	74	88	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	57	160	-	-	28	29	57	10	22	-	
1866	68	89	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	61	100	-	-	30	37	67	10	15	1	
1867	71	100	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	67	94	-	-	34	36	70	17	30	4	
1868	71	115	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	74	110	-	-	28	42	70	12	9	2	
1869	95	133	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	71	111	-	-	43	50	93	14	27	4	
1870	97	126	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39	80	119	-	-	44	40	84	18	28	3	
1871	57	107	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	77	101	-	-	30	33	63	8	14	1	
1872	73	98	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	53	85	-	-	36	48	84	12	23	1	
1873	69	101	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	68	104	-	-	32	39	71	10	17	1	
1874	90	122	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	88	130	-	-	42	40	82	10	21	3	
1875	83	118	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	78	120	-	-	37	53	90	12	8	1	
1876	99	114	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	77	131	-	-	45	45	90	11	22	2	
1877	93	104	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	67	103	-	-	46	38	84	13	5	1	
1878	91	131	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	84	130	-	-	42	47	89	11	6	1	
1879	100	154	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	103	155	-	-	50	55	105	6	8	2	
1880	97	147	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	105	147	-	-	52	56	108	7	10	2	
1881	96	143	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	87	122	-	-	48	55	103	14	7	4	
1882	101	131	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	85	134	-	-	41	56	97	16	5	11	
1883	142	155	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	102	174	-	-	39	44	83	14	13	24	
1884	123	123	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	42	80	-	-	6	8	14	14	5	169†	
Total...	5257	8079	200	84	106	190	10	12	22	22	8	2823	4894	7717	54	90	1893	2793	4686	565	548	1113	261†

* Including "Relapsed Cases."

† Including "Relieved."

‡ Including seven patients (two males and five females) on leave.

SUMMARY OF TOTAL ADMISSIONS.			Both Sexes.	
Males.		Females.	Both Sexes.	
Per centage of Cases Recovered	51.7	57.8	55.4	
" " Relieved	35.7	34.1	34.7	
" " Not Improved	10.4	6.5	8.0	
" " Died	2.2	1.6	1.9	
" " Remaining	100.0	100.0	100.0	

No. 5.
SHOWING THE CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1884, TOGETHER WITH THE AGES AT DEATH.

Cause of Death.	Under 15 Years.		15 and under 20.		20 and under 25.		25 and under 30.		30 and under 35.		35 and under 40.		40 and under 45.		45 and under 50.		50 and under 55.		55 and under 60.		60 and under 65.		65 and under 70.		70 and under 75.		75 and under 80.		80 and under 85.		85 and under 100.		Not known.		Total.		
	M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.F.T.		M.	F.	T.
General Paralysis of the Insane ...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	1	11
Mania ...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	4		
Puerperal Mania ..	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	
Melancholia ...	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	-	-	3	3	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	8	3	11	
Phthisis ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Morbus Cordis ...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dementia & Bronchitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Total ...	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	2	4	2	1	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	22	8	30		

Ascertained by post mortem examinations

.. ..

Males

Females.

Females.

Males

..

..

..

Ascertained by *post mortem* examinations

No. 6.

SHOWING THE LENGTH OF RESIDENCE IN THOSE DISCHARGED RECOVERED,
AND IN THOSE WHO HAVE DIED, DURING THE YEAR 1884.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE.	Recovered.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Under 1 month	1	1	2	6	1	7
1 month and under 3 months..	20	22	42	5	2	7
3 months and under 6 months.	35	28	63	2	1	3
6 months and under 9 months.	11	21	32	4	1	5
9 months and under 12 months	10	24	34	2	1	3
1 year and under 2 years ..	5	10	15	2	2	4
2 years and under 3 years ..	2	..	2	..	..	..
3 years and under 5 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 years and under 7 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 years and under 10 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10 years und under 12 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 years and under 15 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 years and under 20 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 years and under 25 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25 years and under 30 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30 years and under 35 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35 years and under 40 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40 years and upwards	..	..	..	1	..	1
TOTAL	84	106	190	22	8	30

No. 7.
SHOWING THE DURATION OF THE DISORDER ON ADMISSION IN THE ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, AND DEATHS,
during the Year 1884.

DURATION OF DISEASE ON ADMISSION IN FIVE CLASSES.												
CLASS.	THE ADMISSIONS.			THE DISCHARGES.								
	RECOVERED.			REMOVED, RELIEVED, OR OTHERWISE.			THE DEATHS.					
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.			
FIRST CLASS. First Attack, and within Three Months of Admission	82	85	167	60	67	127	27	35	62	12	6	18
SECOND CLASS. First Attack, above Three and within twelve months on Admission	26	40	66	14	24	38	16	15	31	4	..	4
THIRD CLASS. Not First Attack, and within Twelve months on Admission	28	25	53	10	15	25	5	12	17	5	2	7
FOURTH CLASS. First Attack or not, but of more than Twelve Months on Ad- mission	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
FIFTH CLASS. Congenital	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	138	150	288	84	106	190	48	62	110	22	8	30

No. 8.

SHOWING IN QUINQUENNIAL PERIODS THE AGES OF THOSE ADMITTED, RECOVERED, AND DIED, during the Year 1884, and of those remaining on 31st December, 1884.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

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AGES.	THE ADMISSIONS.			RECOVERED.			THE DEATHS.			PATIENTS RESIDENT 31st December, 1884.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
5 years and under 10 years	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
10 years and under 15 years	..	2	26	..	2	17	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 years and under 20 years	13	13	39	9	8	34	..	1	1	8	4	12
20 years and under 25 years	13	26	46	11	23	28	..	..	..	9	17	26
25 years and under 30 years	16	30	44	5	23	25	2	2	4	13	20	33
30 years and under 35 years	19	25	33	11	14	14	2	1	3	18	21	39
35 years and under 40 years	19	14	29	6	8	18	3	2	5	15	18	33
40 years and under 45 years	15	14	24	8	10	19	2	..	2	17	14	31
45 years and under 50 years	13	11	9	9	10	8	3	..	3	11	8	19
50 years and under 55 years	3	6	12	5	3	12	..	2	2	8	10	18
55 years and under 60 years	10	2	14	9	3	7	2	..	2	5	11	16
60 years and under 65 years	11	3	9	6	1	4	5	..	5	6	4	10
65 years and under 70 years	5	4	..	3	1	2	1	..	1	2	7	9
70 years and under 75 years	..	..	1	2	..	..	1	..	1	4	3	7
75 years and under 80 years	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	4	2	6
80 years and under 85 years	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
85 years and under 90 years	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
Unknown	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	138	150	288	84	106	190	22	8	30	122	139	261
Mean Age	39.0	33.4	36.1	40.4	32.4	35.9	50.2	35.6	46.3	41.6	40.3	40.9

No. 9.

SHOWING THE CONDITION AS TO MARRIAGE, IN THE ADMISSIONS, RECOVERIES, AND DEATHS, during the Year 1884, and of PATIENTS RESIDENT DECEMBER 31st, 1884.

CONDITION IN REFERENCE TO MARRIAGE.				ADMISSIONS.			DISCHARGES.			DEATHS.			PATIENTS RESIDENT DECEMBER 31st. 1884.		
				M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Single..	..	..	..	62	80	142	36	47	83	4	4	8	68	71	139
Married ..	..	..	..	66	65	131	39	51	90	17	3	20	45	55	100
Widowed ..	..	..	..	10	5	15	9	8	17	1	1	2	8	13	21
Unknown ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Total ..	..	..	..	138	150	288	84	106	190	22	8	30	122	139	261

SHOWING THE PROBABLE CAUSES OF INSANITY IN THE PATIENTS ADMITTED during the year 1884.

CAUSES OF INSANITY.	NUMBER OF INSTANCES IN WHICH EACH CAUSE WAS ASSIGNED.											
	As predisposing cause.			Admissions... {			No. of Cases.			Total.†		
				{ 138 M. 150 F. 288 T.								
	An exciting cause.			As predisposing or exciting, where these could not be distinguished.								
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
MORAL: Domestic trouble (including loss of relatives and friends)	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	10	16	6	10	16
Adverse circumstances (including business anxieties and pecuniary difficulties)	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	27	47	20	27	47
Mental anxiety and worry (not included under the above two heads, and overwork	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	31	68	37	31	68
Religious excitement	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	9	12	3	9	12
Love affairs (including seduction)	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	7	9	2	7	9
Fright and nervous shock	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	1	3	14	1	3
PHYSICAL: Intemperance in drink	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	17	1	3	17
sexual	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Venereal disease	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
Self abuse (sexual)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1
Over-exertion	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	2
Sunstroke	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accident or injury... ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pregnancy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parturition and the puerperal state	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lactation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Uterine and Ovarian disorders... ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puberty	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change of life	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fevers... ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Privation and starvation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Old age	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other bodily diseases or disorders	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	10	5	5	10
Previous attacks	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	22	36	14	22	36
Hereditary influences ascertained (direct and collateral)	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	5	2	3	5
Congenital defect ascertained	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other ascertained causes... ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unknown	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	37	65	28	37	65

† The figures in the total column represent the entire number of instances in which the several causes (either alone or in combination with others) were stated to have produced the mental disorder. The excess of the aggregate of such causes over the number of patients admitted is owing to combinations of causes.

No. 11.

SHOWING THE FORM OF MENTAL DISORDER OF ADMISSIONS, RECOVERIES, AND DEATHS OF THE YEAR 1884, AND THE FORM OF MENTAL DISORDER OF THE INMATES ON 31ST DECEMBER, 1884.

Form of Mental Disorder.	Admissions.			Recoveries.			Deaths.			Remaining in Asylum. 31st December, 1884.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Congenital or Infantile Mental Deficiency ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>a</i> with Epilepsy ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>b</i> without Epilepsy ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Epilepsy acquired ..	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Paralysis of the Insane ..	24	-	24	2	-	2	10	1	11	18	-	18
Mania—												
Recent ..	40	36	76	27	44	71	1	3	4	23	17	40
Chronic ..	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Recurrent ..	5	2	7	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
A Potu ..	3	-	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Puerperal ..	-	6	6	-	8	8	-	1	1	-	4	4
Senile ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Melancholia—												
Recent ..	52	73	125	40	41	81	8	3	11	34	64	98
Chronic ..	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recurrent ..	-	7	7	-	5	5	-	-	-	-	3	3
Puerperal ..	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senile ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dementia—												
Primary ..	5	5	10	-	-	-	3	-	3	31	37	68
Secondary ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senile ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Organic (<i>i.e.</i> , from Tumours, Coarse Brain Disease) ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delusional ..	8	17	25	11	7	18	-	-	-	13	14	27

No. 12.
1884.

OCCUPATION OF PATIENTS *admitted* during 1884.

MALES.						FEMALES.					
Agents	..	..	..	..	5	Artist	..	..	..	..	1
Architects	..	..	..	..	4	Boot Fitter	..	..	..	..	1
Artists	..	..	..	..	3	Clerk	..	..	..	..	1
Brewer	..	..	..	..	1	Domestic Servants..	..	..	..	..	4
Bargeman	..	..	..	..	1	Governesses	..	..	..	..	17
Barristers	..	..	..	..	2	Housekeeper..	..	..	..	..	12
Blacksmith	..	..	..	..	1	Milliners..	..	..	..	..	7
Builders	..	..	..	..	3	Nurses	..	..	..	..	6
Butcher	..	..	..	..	1	School-girls	..	..	..	..	4
Compositor	..	..	..	..	1	Shopwomen	..	..	..	..	4
Carpenters..	..	..	..	..	5	Wives or Widows of Farmers	..	..	..	..	2
Chemists	..	..	..	..	3	Wives, Widows, or Daugh- } ters of Professional Men. }	..	..	..	..	20
Civil Engineer	..	..	..	..	1	Wives, Widows, or Daugh- } ters of Clerks or Trades- }	..	..	..	..	28
Clergymen..	..	..	..	..	5	men	..	..	..	..	
Clerks	..	..	..	..	33	Not stated	..	..	..	..	43
Commercial Traveller	..	..	..	..	1						
Draper	..	..	..	..	1						
Engineer	..	..	..	..	1						
Engraver	..	..	..	..	1						
Pyro-technist	..	..	..	..	1						
Farmers	..	..	..	..	6						
Grocer	..	..	..	..	1						
Hotelkeeper	..	..	..	..	1						
Housekeeper	..	..	..	..	1						
Journalist	..	..	..	..	1						
Licensed Victualler	..	..	..	..	1						
Locksmith..	..	..	..	..	1						
Mariners	..	..	..	..	2						
Merchants	..	..	..	..	3						
Miller	..	..	..	..	1						
Messenger	..	..	..	..	1						
Officers (Army)..	..	..	..	..	2						
Printers	..	..	..	..	3						
Publicans	..	..	..	..	5						
Reporters	..	..	..	..	3						
School-boy	..	..	..	..	1						
Schoolmasters	..	..	..	..	5						
Shopmen	..	..	..	..	5						
Solicitors	..	..	..	..	5						
Stock Broker	..	..	..	..	1						
Students	..	..	..	..	4						
Surgeons	..	..	..	..	3						
Tailors	..	..	..	..	2						
Warehouseman	..	..	..	..	1						
Not stated	..	..	..	..	5						

No. 12.—*continued.*OCCUPATION OF PATIENTS who *Died* during 1884.

MALES.						FEMALES.					
Architect	..	..	..	..	1	Governesses	..	..	..	2	
Artist ..	..	..	..	..	1	House Wives..	..	..	3		
Clerks	..	..	..	..	4	Machinist	..	..	1		
Clerks in Holy Orders	..	..	..	3	Not stated	..	..	..	2		
Cooper	..	..	..	..	1						
Farmer	..	..	..	..	1				8		
Lawyer	..	..	..	..	1						
Publicans	..	..	..	..	3						
Surgeon	..	..	..	..	1						
Tailor..	..	..	..	..	1						
Warehouseman..	..	..	..	..	1						
Not Stated..	..	..	..	..	4						
22											

No. 13.

1884.

RELIGIOUS PERSUASION.

Denomination.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Church of England	105	113	218	68	76	144	36	49	85	18	6	24
Roman Catholic	5	..	5	2	2	4	..	1	1	1	..	1
Wesleyan	4	5	9	4	5	9	4	2	6	1	1	2
Baptist	3	10	13	2	8	10	2	2	4	..	..	..
Independent ..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dissenter	1	5	6	..	3	3	1	1	2	..	1	1
Jew	2	5	7	..	3	3	2	2	4	1	..	1
Unitarian	1	1	2	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Presbyterian ..	5	..	5	2	2	4	..	2	2	1	..	1
Calvanist	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
Salvationist ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..
PlymouthBroth	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..
Quaker	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bible Christian	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Revivalist ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Congregational.	3	8	11	3	6	9	..	2	2	..	..	..
Episcopalian ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Irvingite	2	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Indefinite ..	1	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	138	150	288	84	106	190	48	62	110	22	8	30

No. 14.

1884.

RESIDENCE.

Residence.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
London Postal District ..	90	89	179	58	63	121	30	37	67	16	5	21
Provinces ..	40	57	97	21	41	62	17	24	41	5	3	8
Abroad	8	4	12	5	2	7	1	1	2	1	..	1
	138	150	288	84	106	190	48	62	110	22	8	30

No. 15.

1884.

GENERAL HEALTH.

Health.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Good	30	20	50	14	7	21	16	23	39	1	..	1
Fair	63	85	148	46	56	102	25	34	59	4	2	6
Bad	45	45	90	24	43	67	7	5	12	17	6	23
	138	150	288	84	106	190	48	62	110	22	8	30

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No. 16.

1884.

BEHAVIOUR.

Behaviour.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Dangerous or violent. }	40	28	68	26	13	39	14	23	37	2	..	2
Not danger- ous or }	98	122	220	58	93	151	34	39	73	20	8	28
violent												
	138	150	288	84	106	190	48	62	110	22	8	30

No. 17.

1884.

SUICIDAL TENDENCY.

Tendency.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Suicidal.	28	46	74	29	37	65	27	38	65	4	3	7
Not Suicidal.	110	104	214	55	69	125	21	24	45	18	5	23
	138	150	288	84	106	190	48	62	110	22	8	30

No. 18.

1884.

RETURN of the INCURABLE PATIENTS IN HOSPITAL, 31st DEC., 1884.

No.	—	Sex.	Age when Admitted to Incur- able Estab- lishment.	Date of Admission to Incurable Establishment.
1	W.C.	Male	20	16th September, 1831.
2	P.R.	Female	25	28th March, 1834.
3	H.M.	Male	27	5th February, 1836.
4	E.B.P.	Male	26	27th March, 1840.
5	G.C.H.	Male	28	15th January, 1841.
6	E.G.	Female	35	22nd June, 1842.
7	C.C.	Male	50	21st November, 1845.
8	W.B.N.	Male	39	14th February, 1848.
9	W.S.	Male	28	14th February, 1848.
10	M.A.H.	Female	26	3rd January, 1851.
11	H.B.	Female	41	18th July, 1851.
12	C.M.	Male	30	6th August, 1852.
13	T.Q.	Male	56	29th April, 1853.
14	A.R.	Female	29	15th December, 1854.
15	G.F.	Female	42	22nd June, 1855.
16	S.A.	Female	31	21st November, 1856.
17	J.J.P.	Female	40	11th December, 1857.
18	J.S.	Female	23	29th April, 1859.
19	E.J.	Female	25	27th May, 1859.
20	M.S.M.	Female	43	12th June, 1868.
21	E.B.	Female	44	23rd April, 1869.

Continued

No. 18.—*continued.*

1884.

RETURN OF INCURABLE PATIENTS—*continued.*

No.	—	Sex.	Age when Admitted to Incur- able Estab- lishment.	Date of Admission to Incurable Establishment.
22	E.G.	Female	37	15th October, 1869.
23	E.B.	Female	45	11th November, 1870.
24	J.A.C.	Male	48	18th November, 1870.
25	A.M.H.	Female	57	10th May, 1872.
26	A.B.	Female	42	10th July, 1872.
27	T.E.C.	Male	30	23rd October, 1872.
28	H.McN.	Male	33	17th September, 1873.
29	J.W.E.	Male	40	25th February, 1874.
30	E.F.	Female	37	25th February, 1874.
31	E.L.G.	Female	37	11th November, 1874.
32	M.A.S.	Female	33	17th March, 1875.
33	M.C.M.	Female	33	3rd November, 1875.
34	M.W.	Female	64	27th December, 1876.
35	J.S.C.	Male	35	28th February, 1877.
36	M.A.B.	Female	49	2nd January, 1878.
37	S.P.V.	Male	41	27th February, 1878.
38	W.H.	Male	32	18th September, 1878.
39	A.N.	Male	35	9th December, 1878.
40	A.B.	Female	56	9th December, 1878.
41	A.L.	Female	62	9th December, 1878.
42	T.K.G.	Male	31	2nd July, 1879.
43	E.H.	Male	72	9th July, 1879.

Continued

No. 18.—*continued.*

1884.

RETURN of INCURABLE PATIENTS—*continued.*

No.	—	Sex.	Age when Admitted to Incur- able Estab- lishment.	Date of Admission to Incurable Establishment.
44	M.A.W.	Female	37	28th January, 1880.
45	A.C.W.M'L.	Female	63	28th April, 1880.
46	M.A.G.	Female	44	12th January, 1881.
47	S.R.	Female	55	11th May, 1881.

No. 19.

1884.

TIME the INCURABLE PATIENTS have been in the Hospital.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Upwards of 30 years	2	3	5
— 20 —	4	3	7
— 15 —	1	6	7
— 10 —	8	11	19
5 — and under	4	5	9
	19	28	47

No. 20.

1884.

DEGREE of EDUCATION of Incurable Patients in the Hospital.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	9	22	31
Moderate.....	4	3	7
Imperfect.....	3	2	5
None	2	..	2
Not ascertained	1	1	2
	19	28	47

1884.

No. 21.

DIETARY TABLE.

BREAKFAST.

Every Day.. Males .. Tea, with 7 oz. of Bread and Butter.

Females.. „ 6 „ „

DINNER.

Sunday Males { 6 oz. Boiled Beef } 4 oz. Bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. Vegetables, 1 pt. Beer
free from bone„ Females.. 5 „ „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „Monday Males.... 6 „ Roast Mutton, 4 „ $\frac{3}{4}$ „ 1 „„ Females.. 5 „ „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „Tuesday Males.... Fish Dinner 4 „ $\frac{3}{4}$ „ 1 „„ Females.. „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „Wednesday . Males.... 6 „ Roast Beef, 4 „ $\frac{3}{4}$ „ 1 „Females.. 5 „ „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „Thursday .. { Males.. } Strong Meat and Vegetable Soup, and Plum Pudding
Females }Friday .. Males.... 6 oz. Boiled Mutton 4 oz. Bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. Vegetables, 1 pt. Beer„ Females.. 5 „ „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „

Saturday .. Males.... 16 oz. Meat Pie, 4 „ 1 oz. Cheese, 1 „

Females.. 14 „ „ 4 „ 1 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „

TEA.

Every Day.. Males .. Same as at Breakfast.

Every Day.. Females.. Same as at Breakfast.

SUPPER.

Every Day.. Males .. 3 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. Beer.Every Day.. Females.. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. Cocoa, $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Milk, 2 oz. Bread, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz Butter.

No. 21.—*continued.*

Patients in employment in the Grounds, Workshops, or Laundry, to be allowed 4 oz. of Bread, 1 oz. of Cheese or $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. of Butter, and $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of Beer for Luncheon, and $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of Beer in the Afternoon.

Every Patient to be allowed $1\frac{3}{4}$ oz. of Tea, 8 oz. of Sugar, 8 oz. of Butter, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ pints of Milk weekly.

On Christmas Day the Dinner to be Roast Beef and Plum Pudding.

On New Year's Day, a Mince Pie to be added to the usual fare.

On Good Friday, a Bun.

On Easter and Whit Monday, 6 oz. of Roast Veal to be allowed instead of the usual Meat for the day.

The Steward has liberty to vary the diet occasionally by Pork and Bacon, when Peas and Beans are in season; and by Fish, Fruit Pies, &c., when Fish and Fruit are plentiful and good.

The Sick to be dieted at the discretion of the Resident Physician.

The Attendants to have at all times the means of obtaining Gruel for such Patients as may require it.

The above to be considered maximum allowances, and all quantities unconsumed are to be taken in diminution of the next supply from the Stores of the Hospital.

No. 22.

1884.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

LIST OF OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

											£	s.	d.
*1	Resident Physician	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	900	0	0
*1	Assistant Medical Officer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300	0	0
†1	Chaplain ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	220	0	0
†1	Surveyor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	125	0	0
*1	Clerk, Receiver, and Accountant	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	425	0	0
*1	Steward ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	500	0	0
*1	Matron ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	175	0	0
											£2645	0	0

* Lodged and partly furnished, with Coals, &c.

† Neither boarded nor lodged.

No. 23.

1884.

OTHER OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

MALES.

	£	s.	d.
*2 Receiver's Clerks (£110 and £80 per annum)	190	0	0
*1 Steward's Clerk	75	0	0
*1 Organist.. .. .	25	0	0
1 Chapel Clerk (£5)—see below	—	—	—
†1 Under Storekeeper	80	0	0
†1 House Porter (a great coat once in three years)	47	0	0
†1 Assistant ditto (a great coat once in three years)	42	0	0
||1 Gate Keeper (a great coat once in three years).. .. .	50	0	0
†1 Cutter of provisions	50	0	0
†1 Cook	48	0	0
†1 Assistant ditto	33	0	0
1 Head Attendant (boarded and lodged, and allowance for uniform)	60	0	0
†1 Attendant (D.H.) at £49 per annum ..	49	0	0
†2 Attendants £47 per annum each	94	0	0
†2 Do. (one Chapel Clerk) £45 per annum ..	90	0	0
†2 Do. £40 per annum ..	80	0	0
†3 Do. £35 per annum each	105	0	0
†8 Do. £30 per annum ..	240	0	0
¶1 Night Watch, 32s. per week	83	4	0
*†1 Carpenter, Head of Workshops per annum	110	0	0
*†2 Do. (with occasional help) 30s. per week each	156	0	0
*†1 Plumber 30s. per week ..	78	0	0
*†1 Engineer 40s. per week ..	104	0	0
*†1 Bricklayer 26s. per week ..	67	12	0
*†1 Painter and Window Cleaner 30s. per week ..	78	0	0
*1 Window Cleaner, &c. 25s. per week ..	65	0	0
*2 Stokers and Scrubbers.. .. 25s. and 27s. per week ..	135	4	0
*†1 Shop Labourer (with occasional help) .. 28s. per week ..	72	16	0
†1 Gardener (with house and coals) 30s. per week ..	78	0	0
*†1 Assistant Gardener 25s. per week ..	65	0	0
*†4 Labourers (with occasional help) 23s. per week each	239	4	0
*†1 Mattress maker (with occasional help) .. 27s. per week ..	70	4	0
*†1 Shoemaker 26s. per week ..	67	12	0
	£2817	18	0

* Neither boarded nor lodged.

† In addition to board and lodging, have each a suit of clothes, a hat, a cap, and two working blouses, which become their own *after every completed year's service, from the date of engagement.*

‡ Occasionally employed at, or for, King Edward's Schools.

|| Lodged only, with a suit of clothes and a hat.

The Head and Second Attendants of Male Ward 1, and Female Wards 1A and 1B are allowed Donations at Christmas, amounting in all to £12.

¶ No other allowance whatever.

No. 23—*continued*.

FEMALES.

											£	s.	d.
7	Attendants	..	..	..	..	..	..	£35	per annum each		245	0	0
3	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	£30	per annum each		90	0	0
2	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	£28	per annum each		56	0	0
4	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	£24	per annum ..		96	0	0
7	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	£20	per annum each		140	0	0
1	Work-woman	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	0	0
1	Night Watch	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	0	0
1	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	0	0
1	Housemaid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	0	0
1	Assistant Nurse	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	0	0
1	Laundrymaid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35	0	0
1	Assistant do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	0	0
1	Portress at K. E. S. Gate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	10	0
1	Students' Servant	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	28	0	0
											£856	10	0

The wages of ordinary male attendants are £30 per annum for the first three years, next four years £35 per annum, and for the next three years £40 per annum. Attendants of ten years standing and upwards £42 per annum. Female attendants wages are £20 per annum for the first three years, next four years £24 per annum, and the next three years £28 per annum. Attendants of ten years standing and upwards £30 per annum. Attendants in charge of a Ward are allowed £5 per annum extra, and on the recommendation of the Resident Physician, in the event of an attendant, male or female, being appointed as second in charge he or she may be rated as an attendant of seven years standing.

BETHLEM
CONVALESCENT ESTABLISHMENT,
WITLEY.

No. 24.

1884.

OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

	£	s.	d.
*1 Deputy Superintendent per annum	150	0	0
†1 Female Head Attendant „	35	0	0
†1 Cook (temporary) „	„	„	„
†1 Kitchenmaid (ditto) „	„	„	„
†1 Housemaid.. .. . „	14	0	0
†1 Page Boy „	8	0	0
1 Gardener (30s. per week and house-—not boarded—half to K. E. S. W.)	39	0	0
‡2 Garden Labourers (4d. per hour)	104	4	0
Engineer (partial employment) 5s. per week	13	0	0
	£363	4	0

- * Furnished Apartments with coals.
- † Boarded and Lodged.
- ‡ Neither boarded nor lodged.

. The Cook's place was temporarily filled during the time the Establish-
ment was occupied.

Boys from K.E.S.W. occasionally assist.

[illegible]

GENERAL ACCOUNT OF BOTH HOSPITALS, 1884.

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL—Balance in favor of the Hospital	..	..	..	£906	4	5
BETHLEHEM HOSPITAL—Balance in favor of the Hospital	..	..	..	39	0	2

£945 4 7

Cash at Bankers, Messrs. Glyn & Co. £945 4 7

INCURABLE FUND.

Debt and Interest, 31st December, 1883	..	..	..	£43,880	15	8
One Year's Interest at 4 per cent.	..	..	..	1,755	4	7

£45,636 0 3

Excess of Expenditure over Receipts 925 3 7

£46,561 3 10

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL.

INCOME, 1885.

RENT—Rent-charges and Insurances	..	..	..	£16,315	18	1
Deductions	..	..	..	466	2	0

15,849 16 1

DIVIDENDS on Stock in the Public Funds, viz.—

£36,000 0 0, New 3 per Cent. Stock	..	..	..	1,080	0	0
1,510 13 8, 3 per Cent. Consols	..	..	..	45	6	4
100 0 0, 3 per Cent. Consols “Sir James Tyler’s Gift”	..	..	..	3	0	0
24 17 4, New 3 per Cent.	..	..	..	0	15	0
21,063 5 7, 3 per Cent. Consols (in Chancery)	..	..	..	631	17	10
5,061 5 4, 3 per Cent. Reduced	..	..	..	151	16	10
1,509 8 8, 3 per Cent. Consols	..	..	..	45	5	8

1,958 1 8

Net Annual Income £17,807 17 9

BETHLEHEM HOSPITAL.

INCOME, 1885.

CURABLES—Rent, Land Tax, Rent-charges, &c.	..	..	..	£17,843	2	0
INCURABLES—Rent, Rent-charges, &c.	..	..	..	6,467	13	2

£24,310 15 2

24,118 10 11

Deductions

DIVIDENDS on Stock in the Public Funds, viz.—

£17,000 0 0, 3 per Cent. Consols	..	..	..	£510	0	0
3,000 0 0, Bank Stock	..	..	..	292	10	0
21,000 0 0, New 2½ per Cent. Stock	..	..	..	525	0	0
1,000 0 0, 3 per Cent. Reduced, “William Hollins’ Gift”	..	..	..	30	0	0
24 17 5, New 3 per Cent.	..	..	..	0	14	10
39 14 0, 3 per Cent. Consols	..	..	..	1	3	8
23,744 5 4, 3 per Cent. Consols	..	..	..	712	6	8
695 15 11, 3 per Cent. Consols	..	..	..	20	17	6
25,158 18 5, 3 per Cent. Consols	..	..	..	754	15	4

2,847 8 0

Net Annual Income £26,965 18 11

A. M. JEAFFRESON,

Receiver, &c.

January, 1885.

